B.Sc. 6th Semester (Honours) Examination, 2023 (CBCS)

Subject: Zoology

Course: DSE-4

(Endocrinology)

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group-A

1. Answer any five questions of the following:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) State two enteric neurohormones and the cells releasing them.
- (b) State the causes and symptoms of acromegaly.
- (c) What is the underlying cause of Addison's disease? What are its symptoms?
- (d) What is the significance of the ovarian cycle?
- (e) What are the sources of relaxin hormone and state its function?
- (f) Name four hormones that promote a sense of well-being in our minds.
- (g) Mention the secretions of parvocellular neurosecretary cells.
- (h) Name two commonly used radioisotopes used in RIA.

Group-B

2. Answer any two questions of the following:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) Discuss the structure and position of pineal gland. Add a note on transport of thyroid hormone.
- (b) What are positive and negative feedback mechanisms? Explain citing suitable examples.
- (c) Elucidate the signalling mechanism in case of peptide hormone receptors.
- (d) Discuss the neuronal regulation of let down of milk. Mention the functions of the hormone secreted by the beta cells of the pancreas.

 3+2

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Please Turn Over

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Group-C

3.	Answer any two questions of the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$	
	(a) Name the different hypothalamic nuclei. What are their functions? Give a account of the hypophyseal portal system.	n illustrated 3+3+4	
	(b) Classify hormones based on their chemical structure. State two characteristics	with example	
	of each class. Mention the physiological effects of high level of parathyroid	ss. Mention the physiological effects of high level of parathyroid hormone in	
	human	6+2+2	
	c) Define homeostasis. Describe the hormonal mechanism for regulation of blood pressu		
	Write the full form of ELISA.	2+7+1	
	(d) Write short notes on:	5+5	
	(i) Adrenomedullary hormones		
	(ii) Spermatogenesis	-	